

Solar Flares

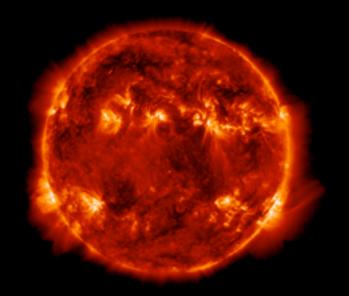


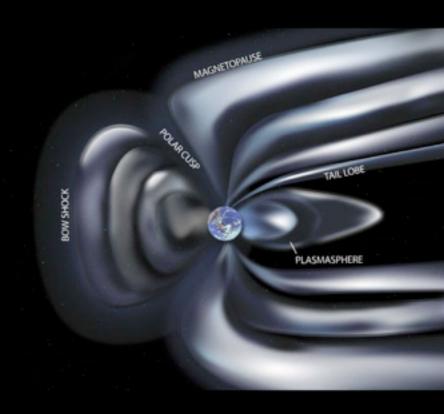
Sabrina Savage (NASA/MSFC)

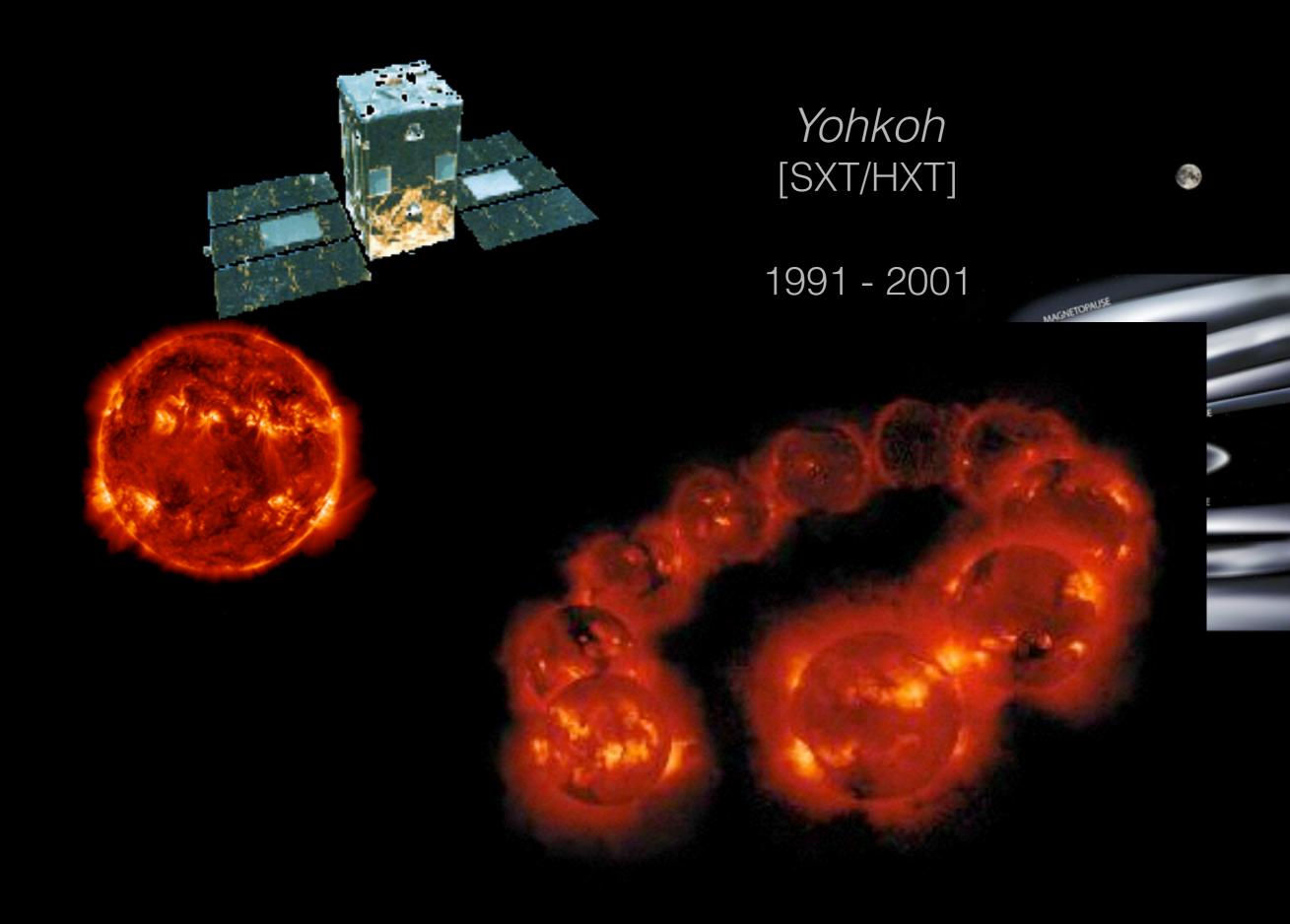
Heliophysics System Observatory (HSO)

 Fleet of solar, heliospheric, geospace, and planetary satellites designed to work independently while enabling large-scale collaborative investigations.

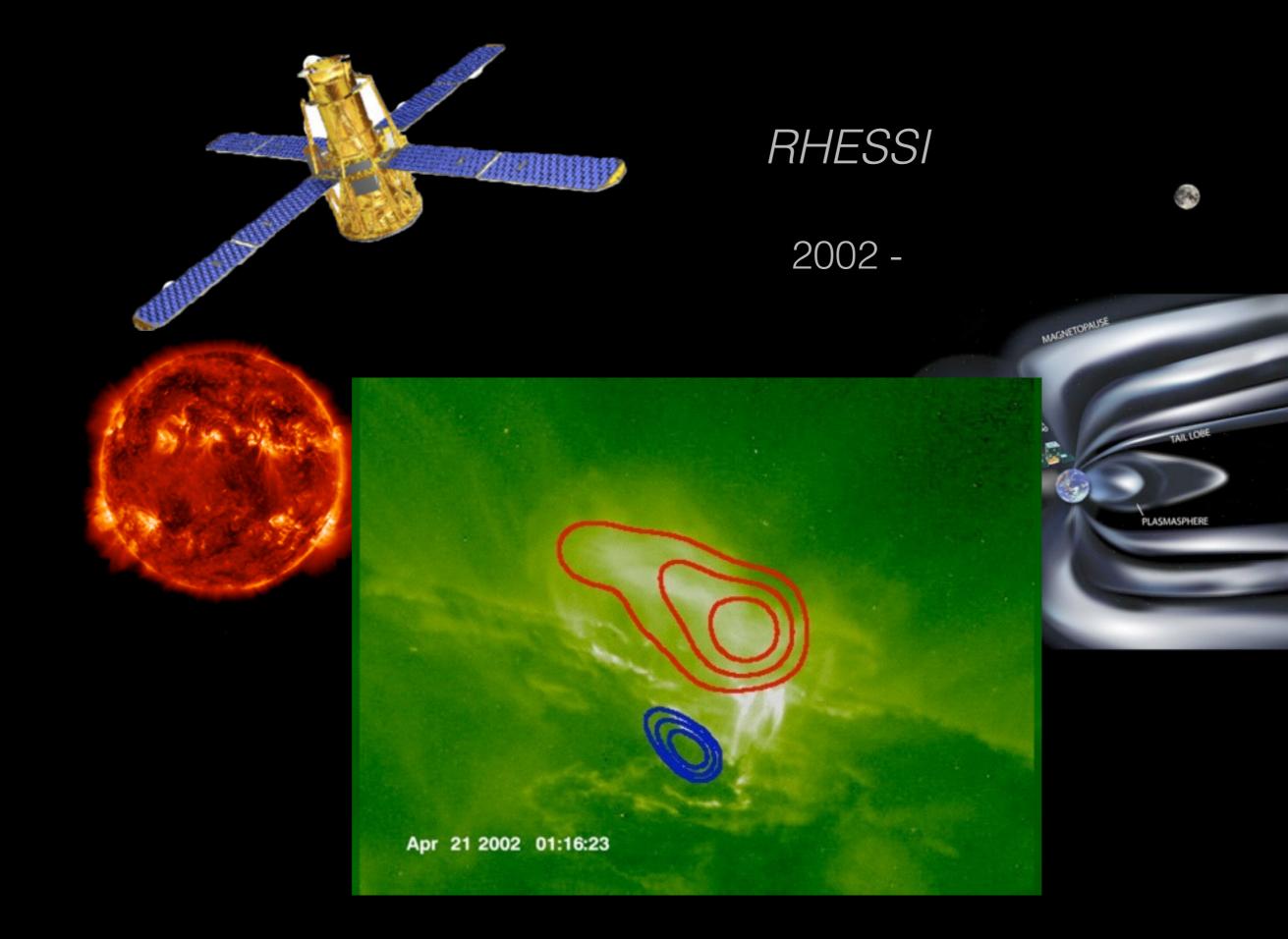


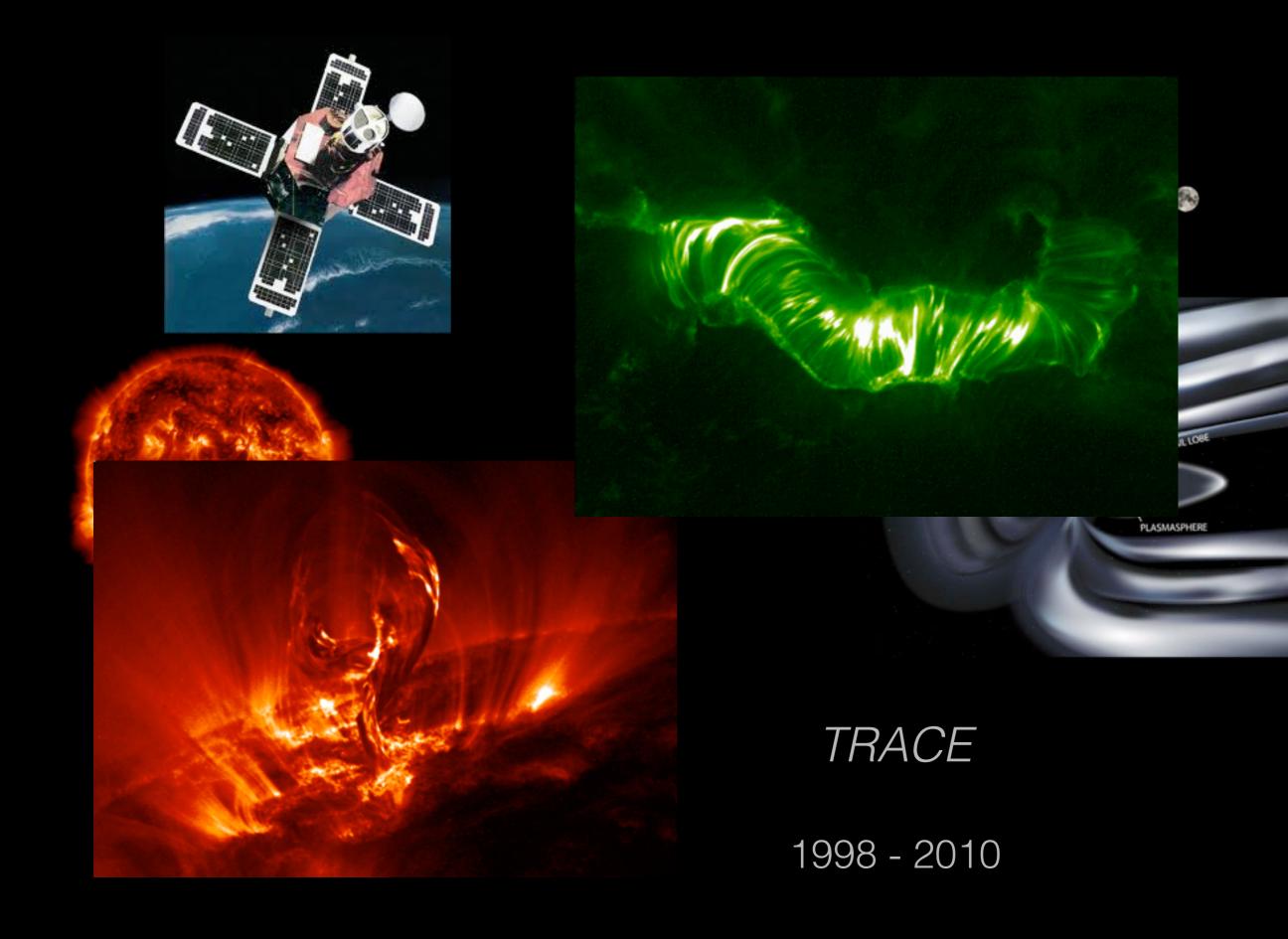


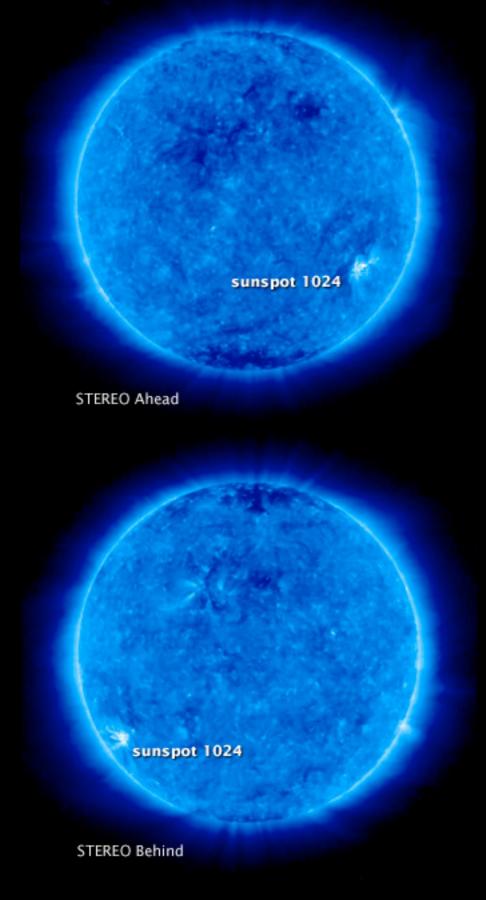






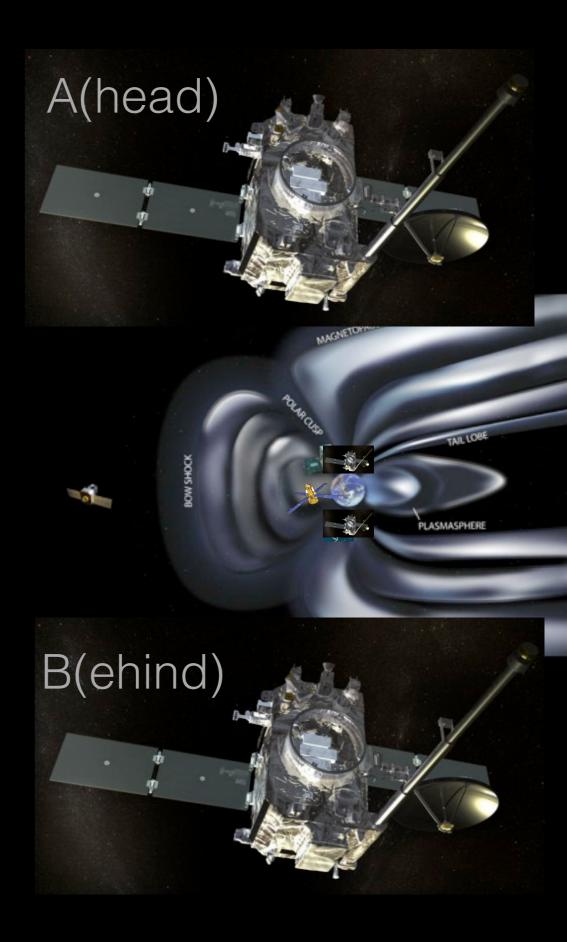


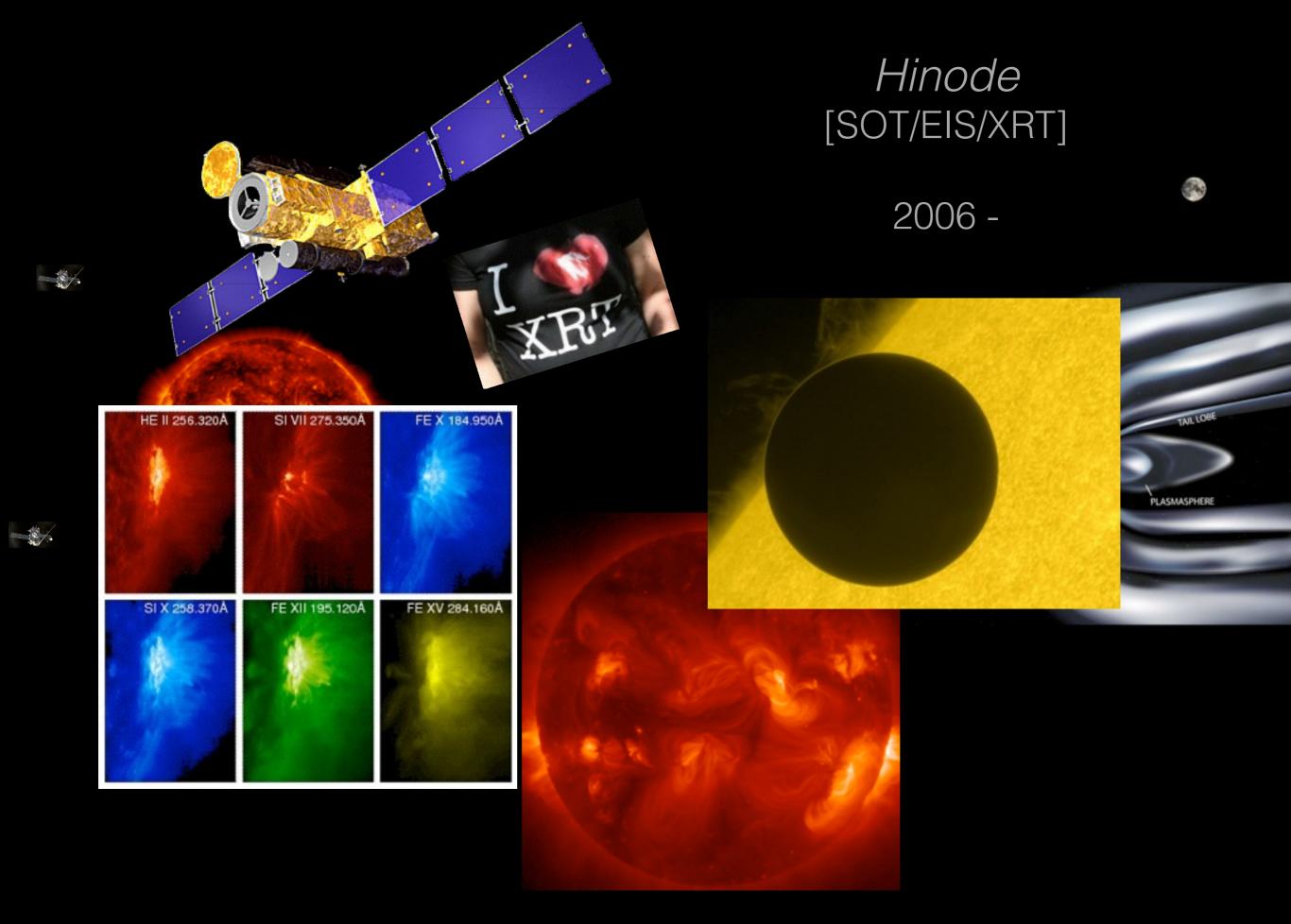




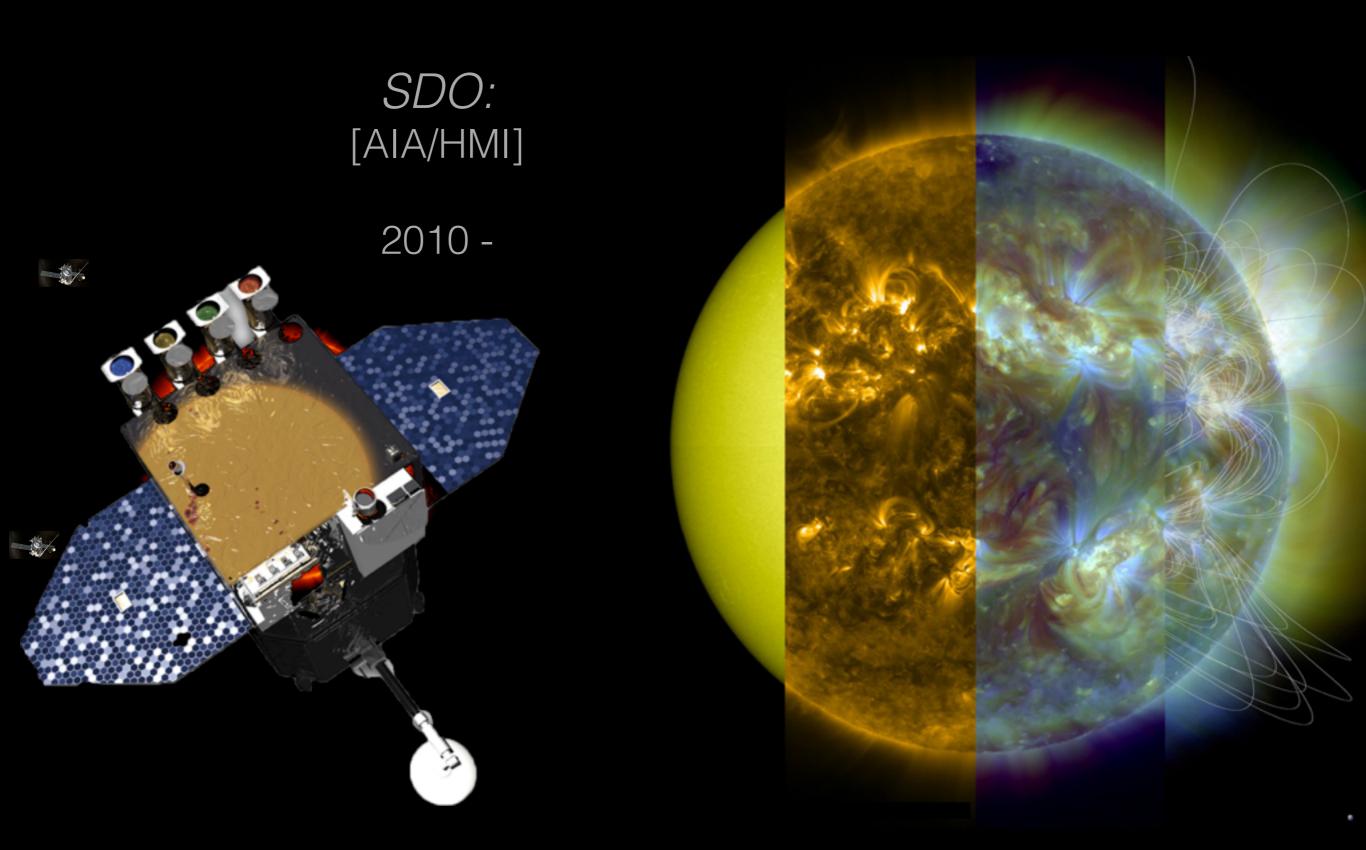
STEREO [SECCHI]

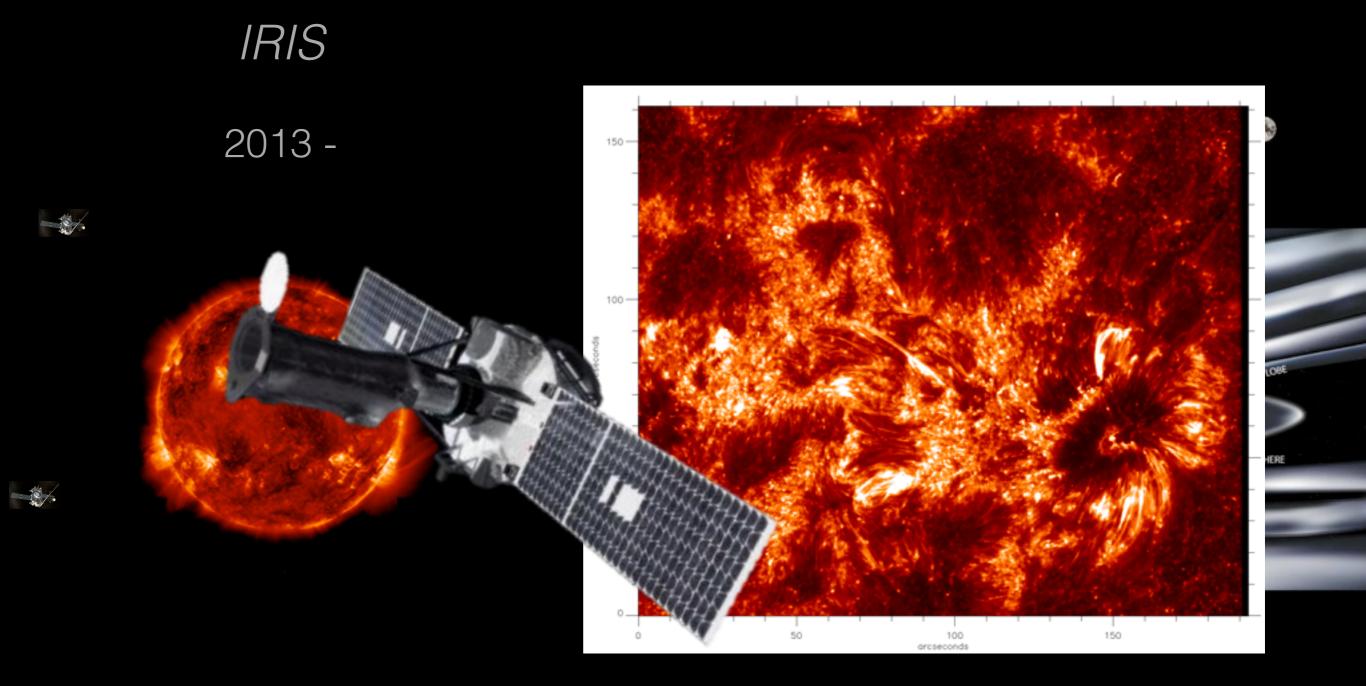
2006 -





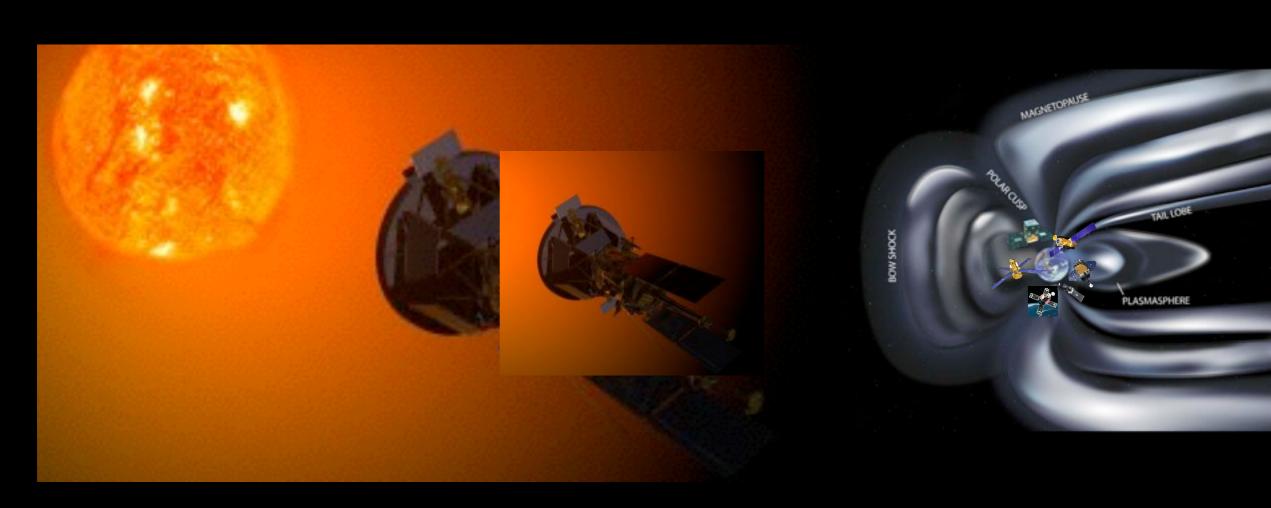
Hinode: http://hinode.msfc.nasa.gov/ — partnership with Japanese/UK/European space agencies

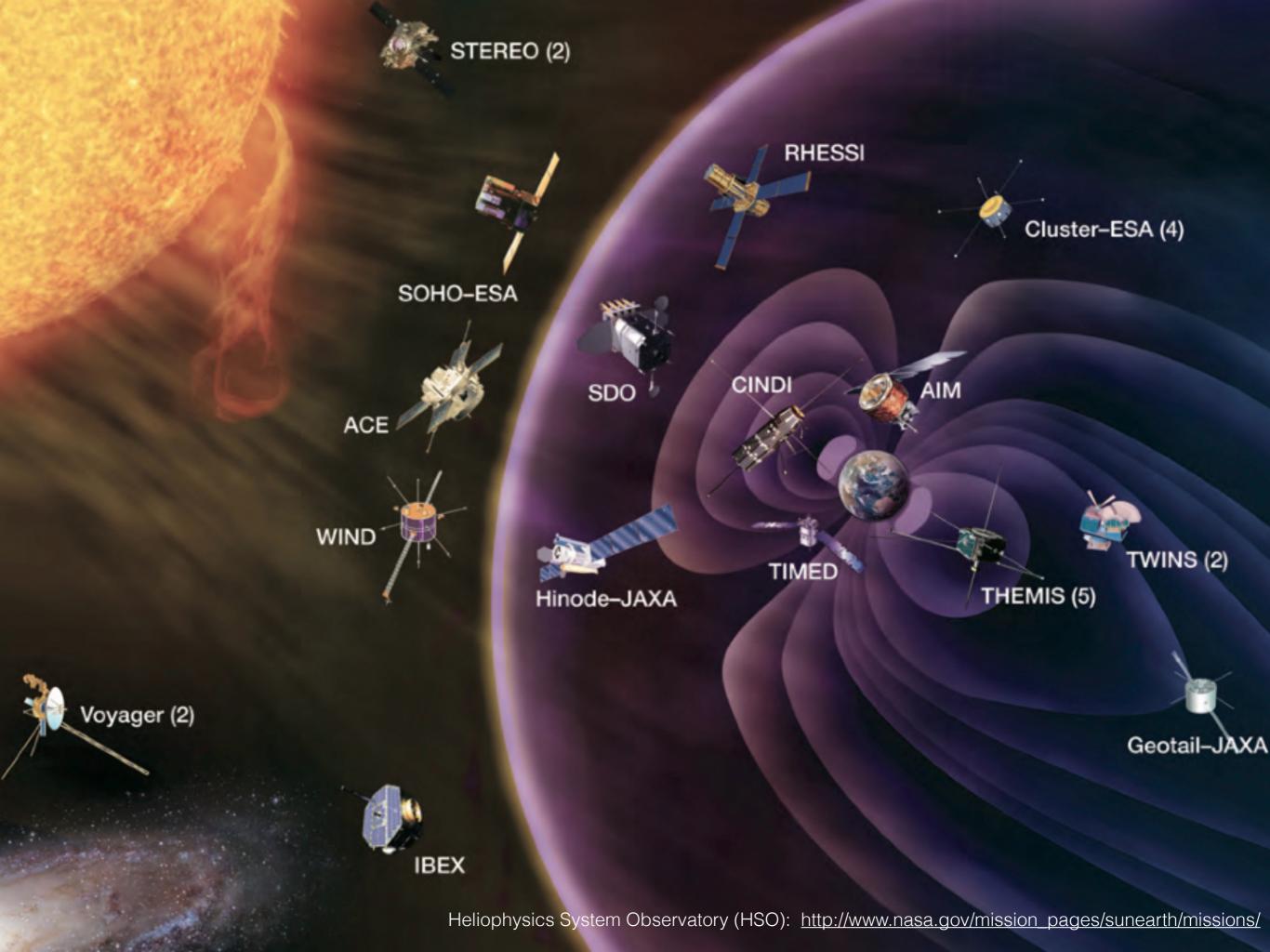




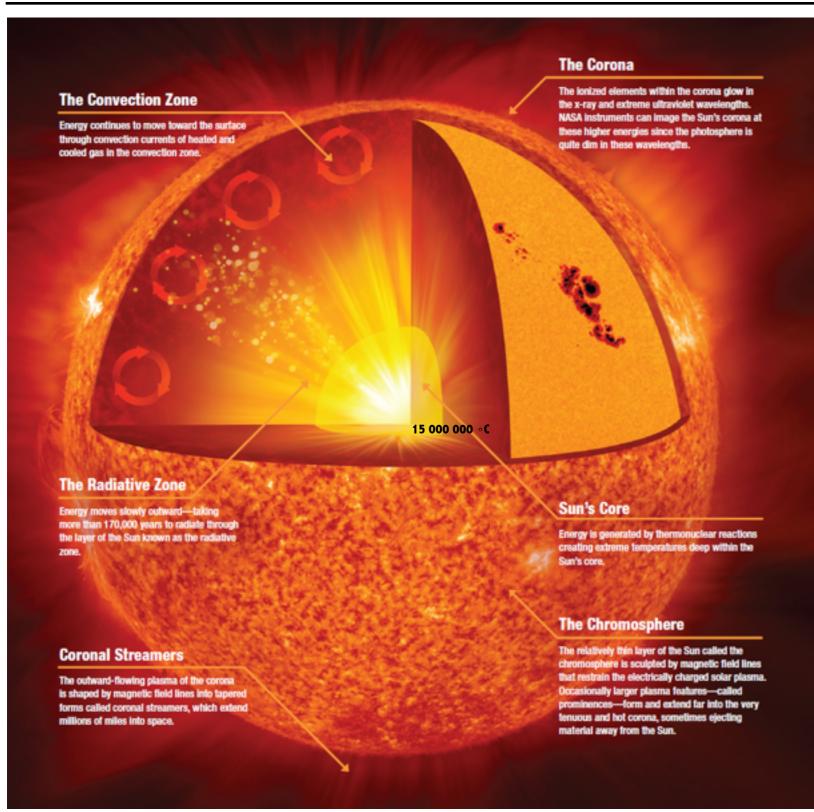
Solar Probe+

2018? -





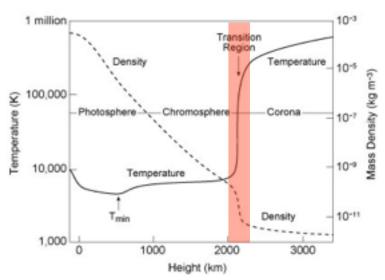
The Sun in Layers



10 000 °C Corona

10 000 °C Upper Chromosphere
4 000 °C Lower Chromosphere
6 000 °C Photosphere

European Space Agency (ESA)

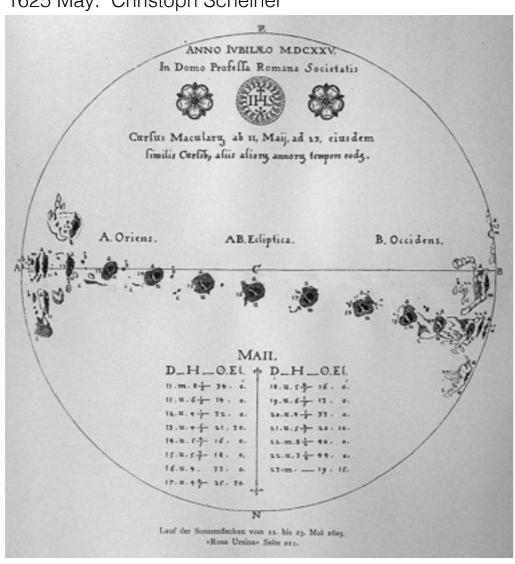


Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (SAO)

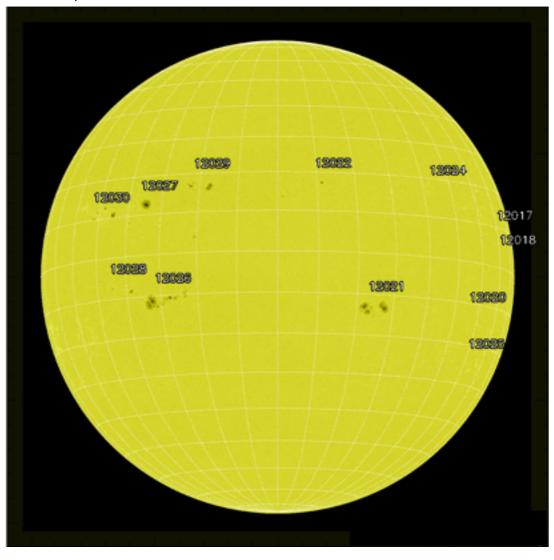
"Mysteries of the Sun": NASA / Jenny Mottar

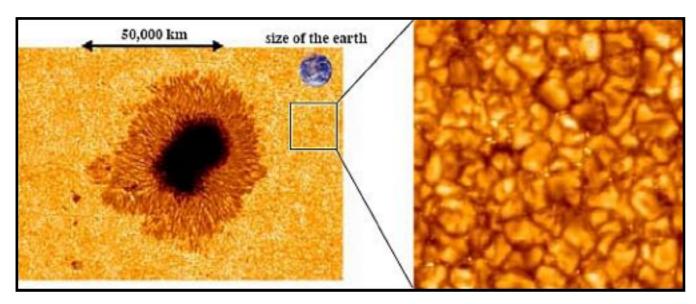
Sun Facts: http://solarscience.msfc.nasa.gov/

1625 May: Christoph Scheiner

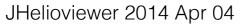


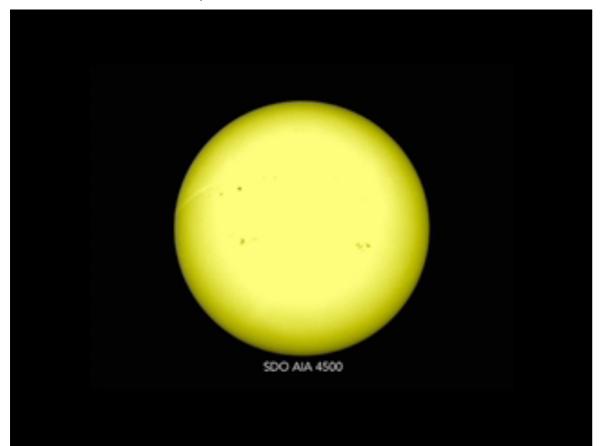
2014 April 3: SDO HMI 6173 A

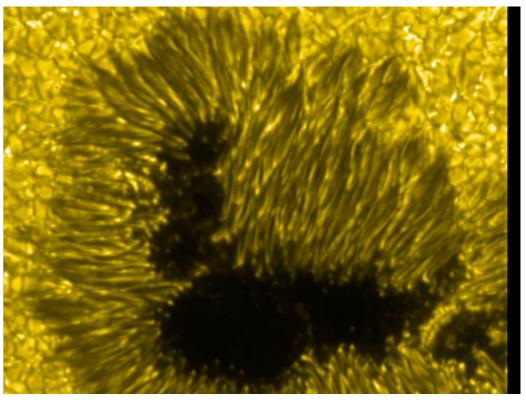




Hinode SOT: NASA / JAXA / NAOJ







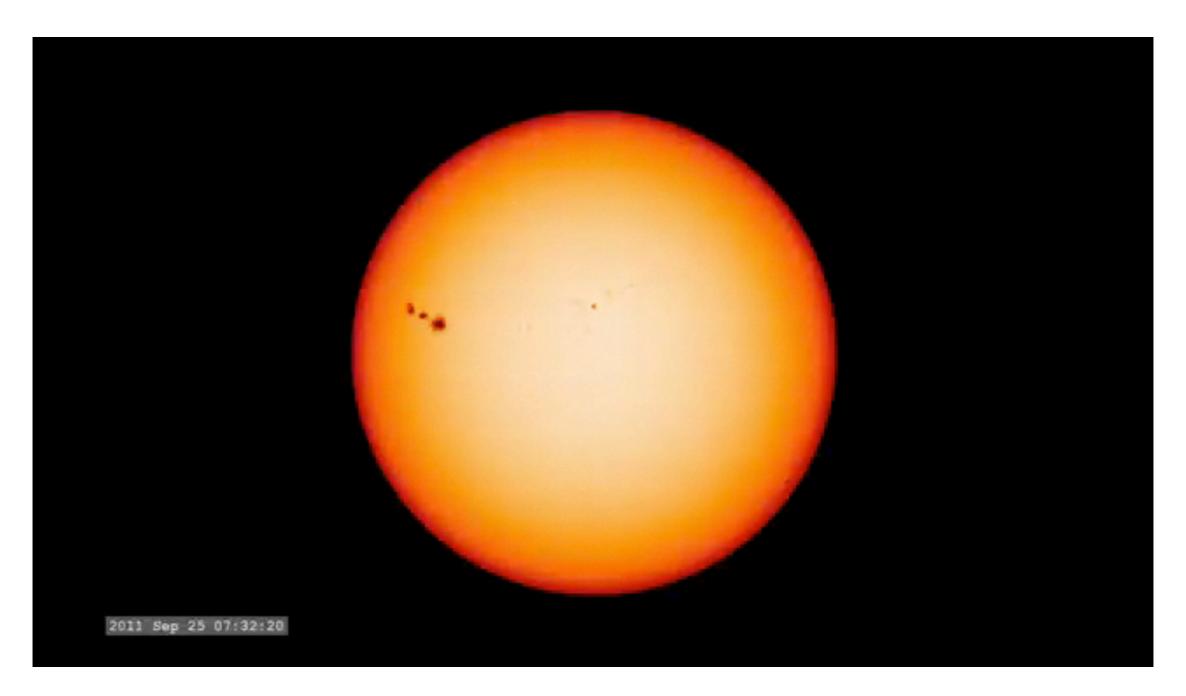
SOT (CN line 3883 A); 2007 May 2





SOT Picture of the Day (POD): http://sot.lmsal.com/pod?cmd=view-gallery

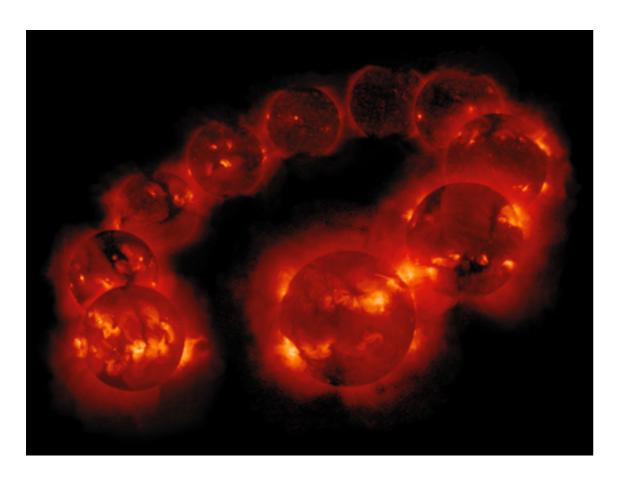




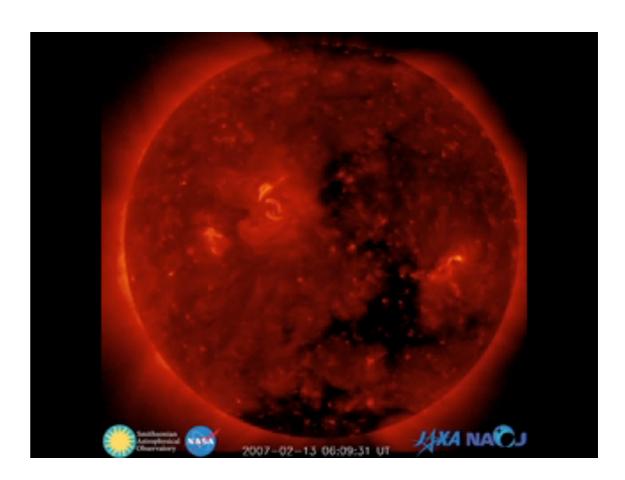
"SDO Jewel Box"

Solar features as seen with 10 different filters (i.e., plasma at different temperatures).

Solar Cycle



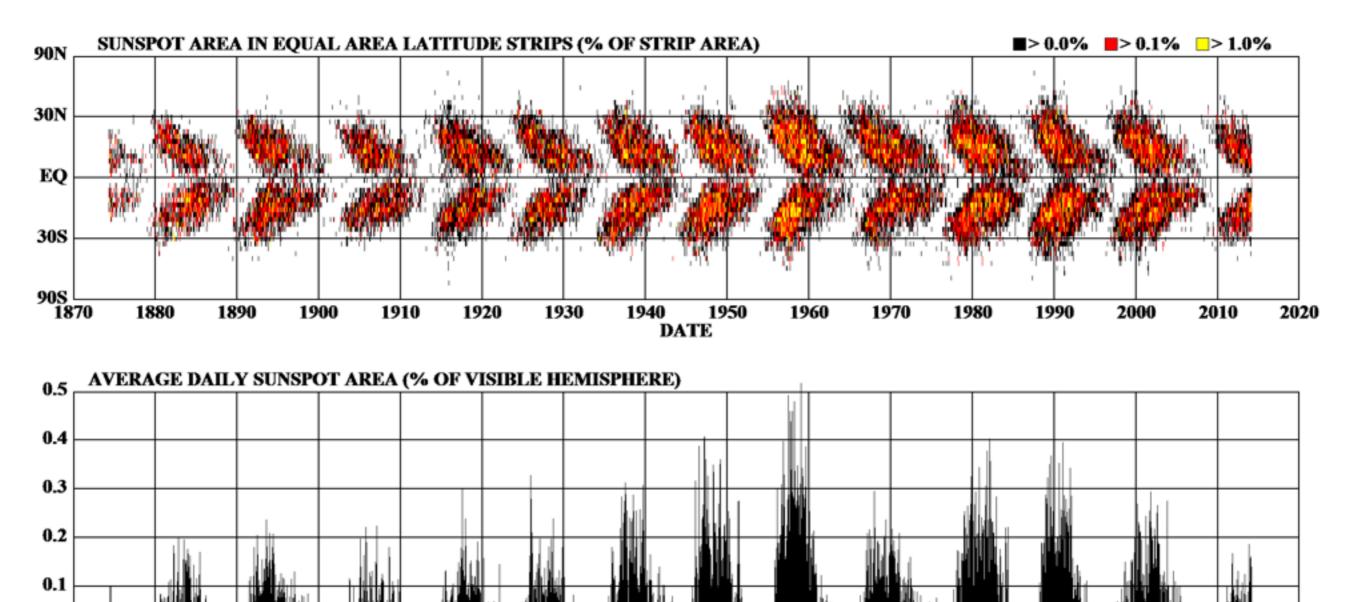
Yohkoh Soft X-ray Telescope (SXT): 1991 - 1999



Hinode X-Ray Telescope (XRT): 2007 - 2012

Solar Cycle

DAILY SUNSPOT AREA AVERAGED OVER INDIVIDUAL SOLAR ROTATIONS



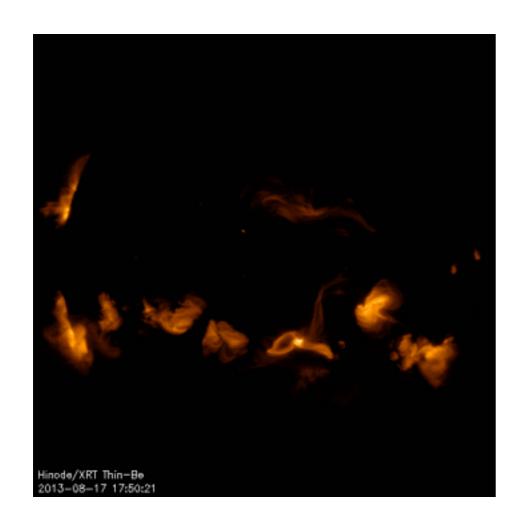
DATE

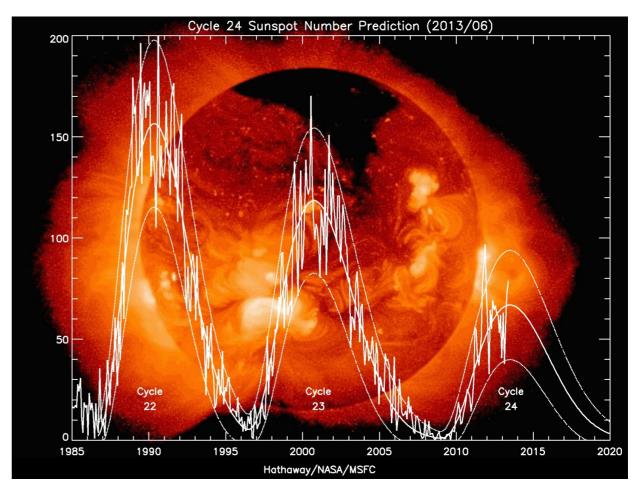
HATHAWAY/NASA/MSFC 2014/04

0.0

http://solarscience.msfc.nasa.gov/

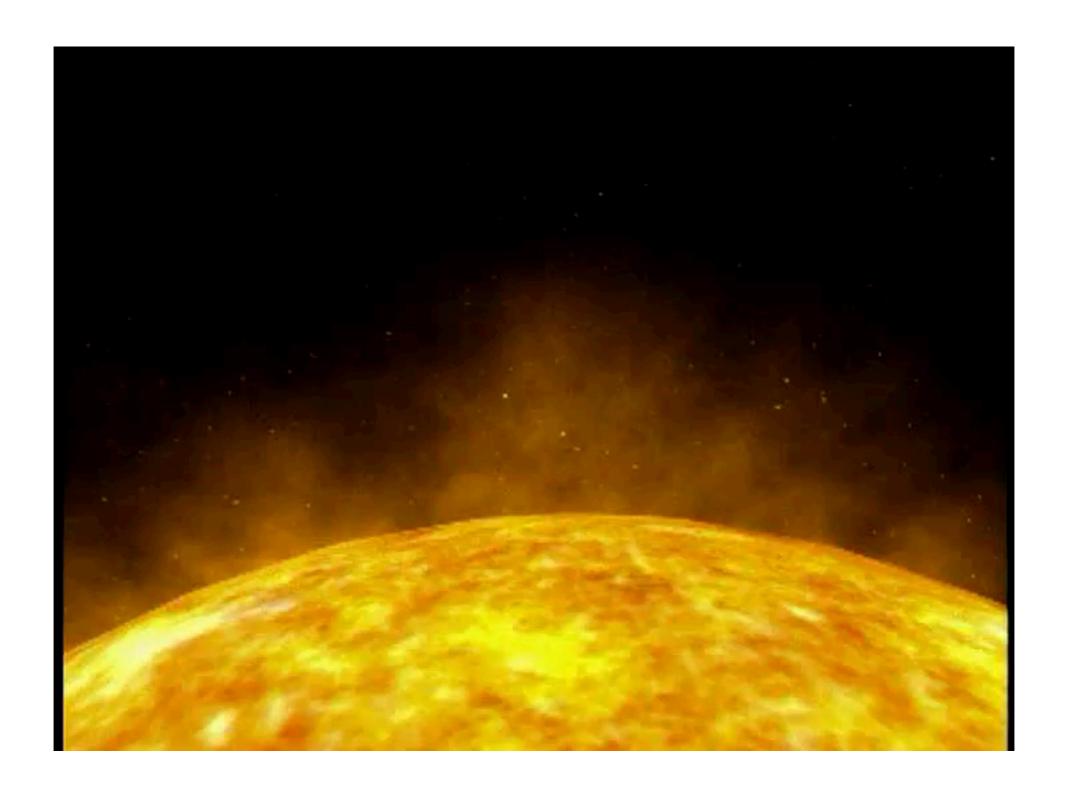
Current Cycle



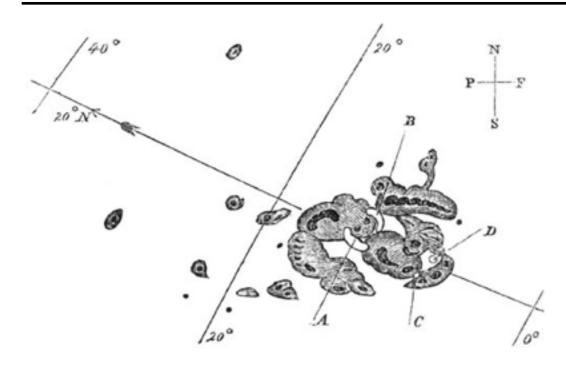


#24 — Smallest cycle in ~100 years http://solarscience.msfc.nasa.gov/SunspotCycle.shtml

Sun-Earth Interaction



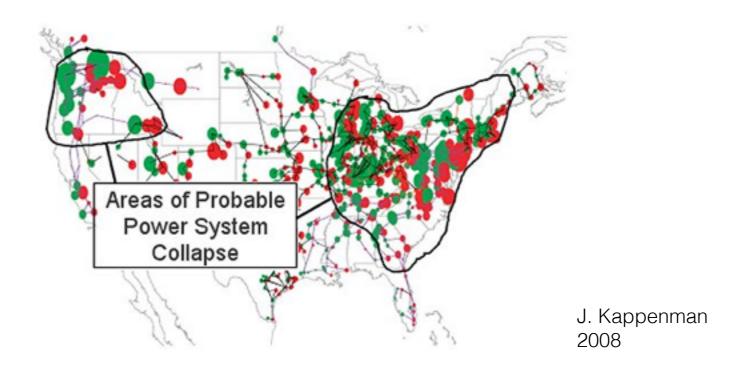
Impacts of Space Weather



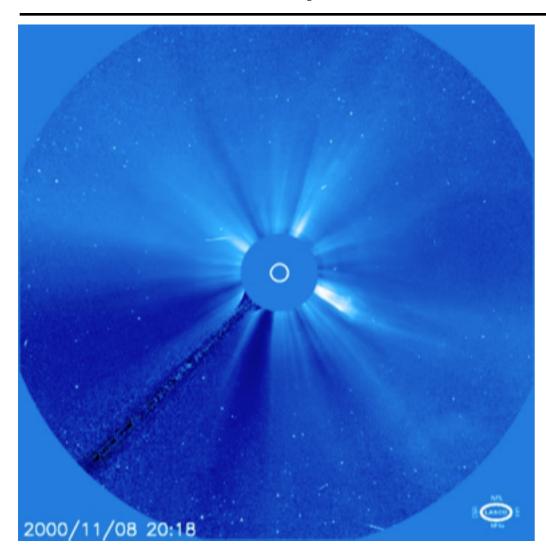
1959 Carrington Event Largest Geomagnetic storm recorded



M. A. Shea, Geophysics Directorate, Phillips Laboratory 1989 Superstorm Blackout



Impacts of Space Weather



SOHO Large Angle and Spectrometric Coronagraph Experiment (LASCO)

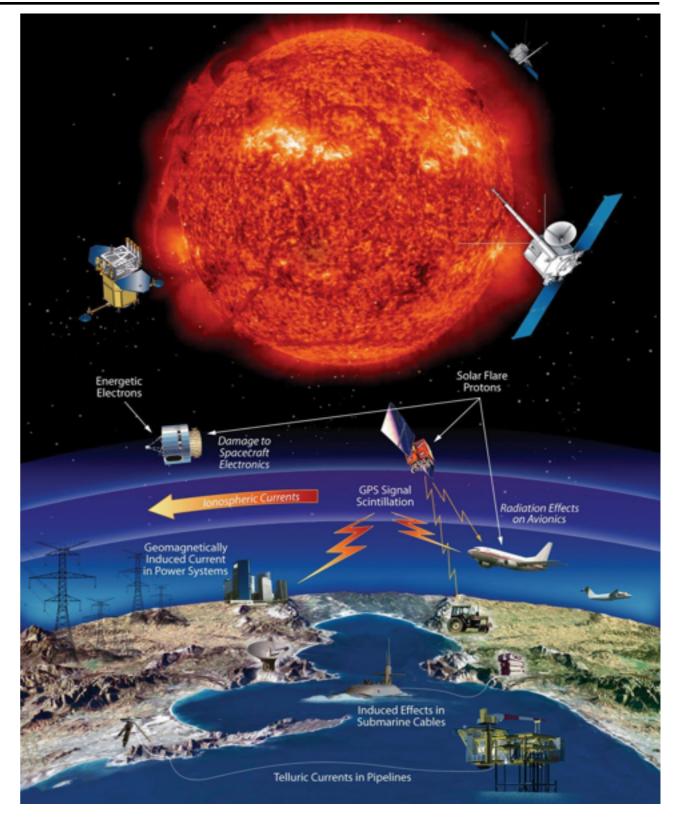
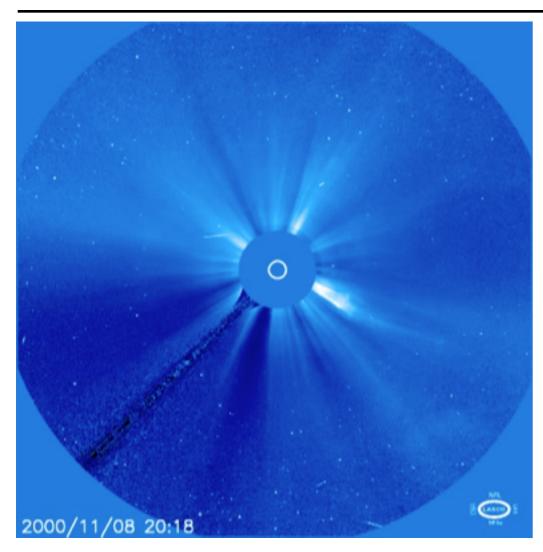
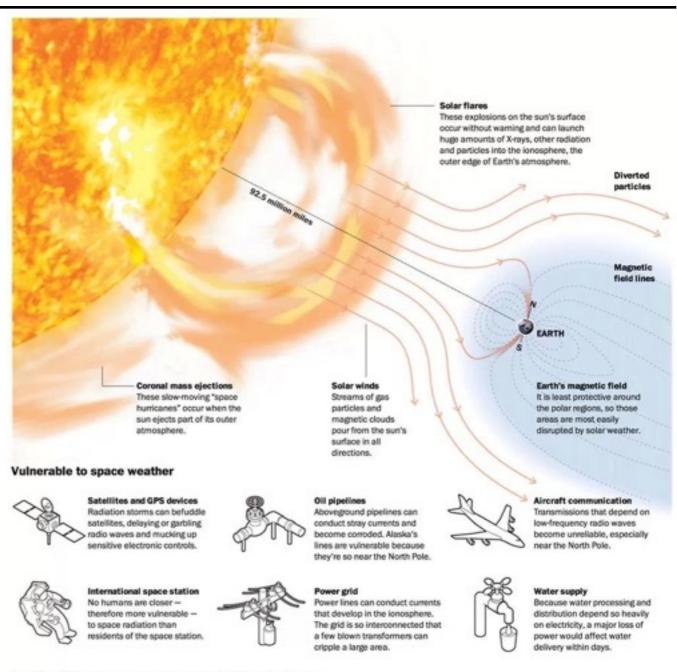


Image credit: NASA & L. Lanzerotti (NJIT)

Impacts of Space Weather



SOHO Large Angle and Spectrometric Coronagraph Experiment (LASCO)

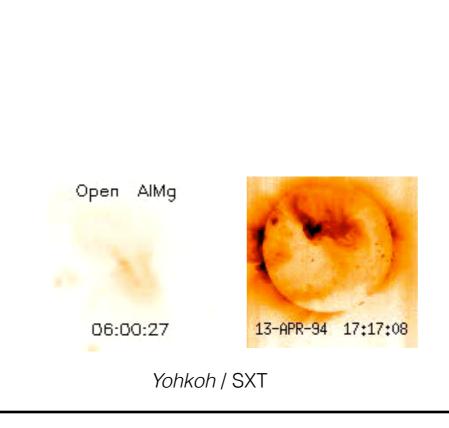


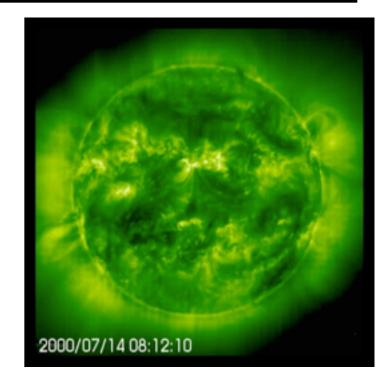
Note: Sun and Earth are shown to approximate scale, but distance is not to scale.

Image credit: NASA & Washington Post

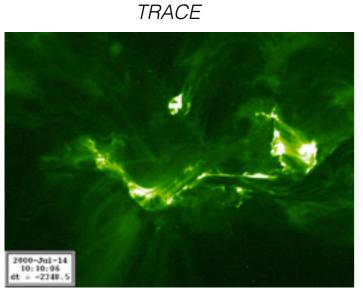




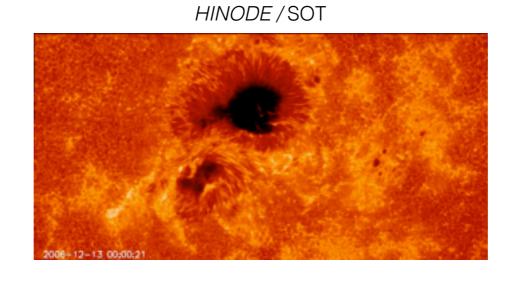


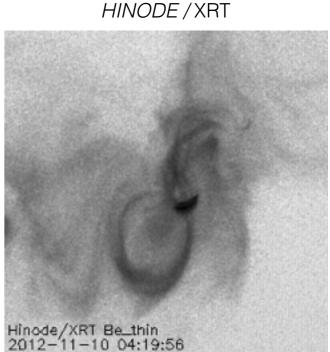


SOHO / EIT+LASCO

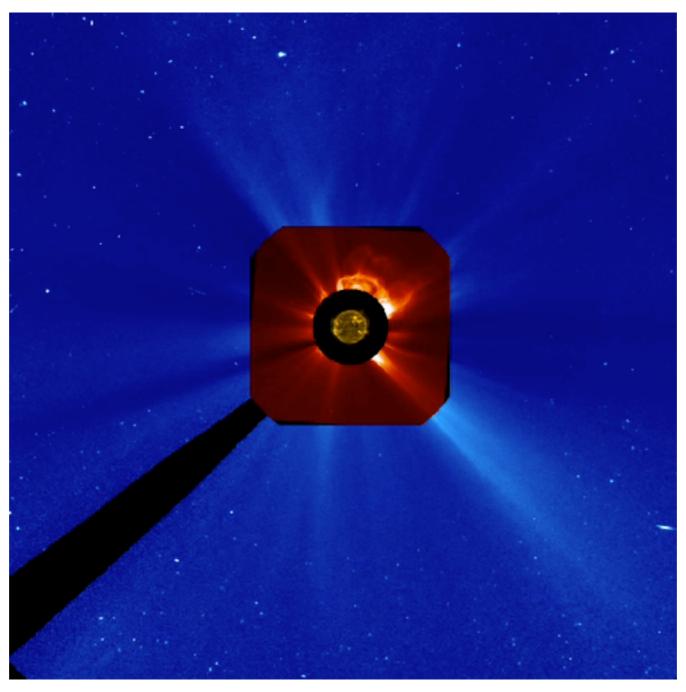




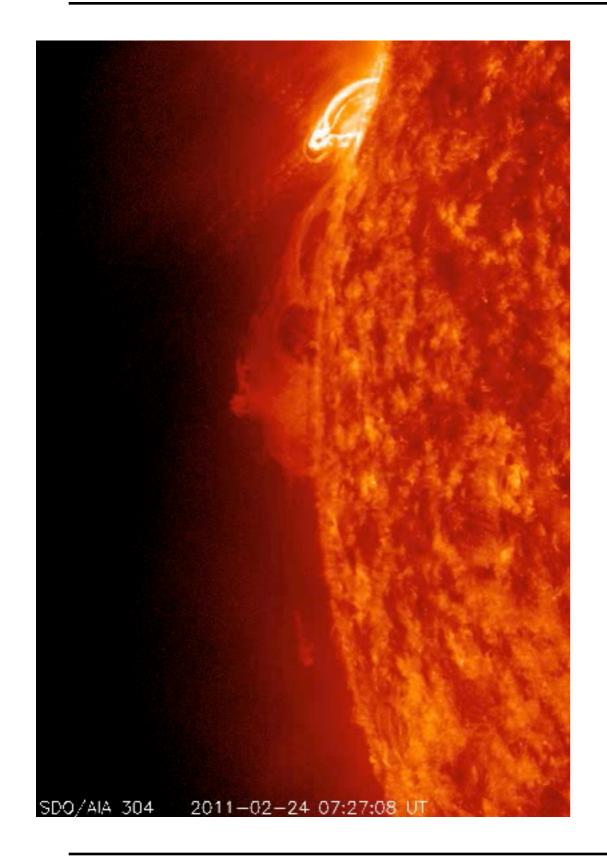


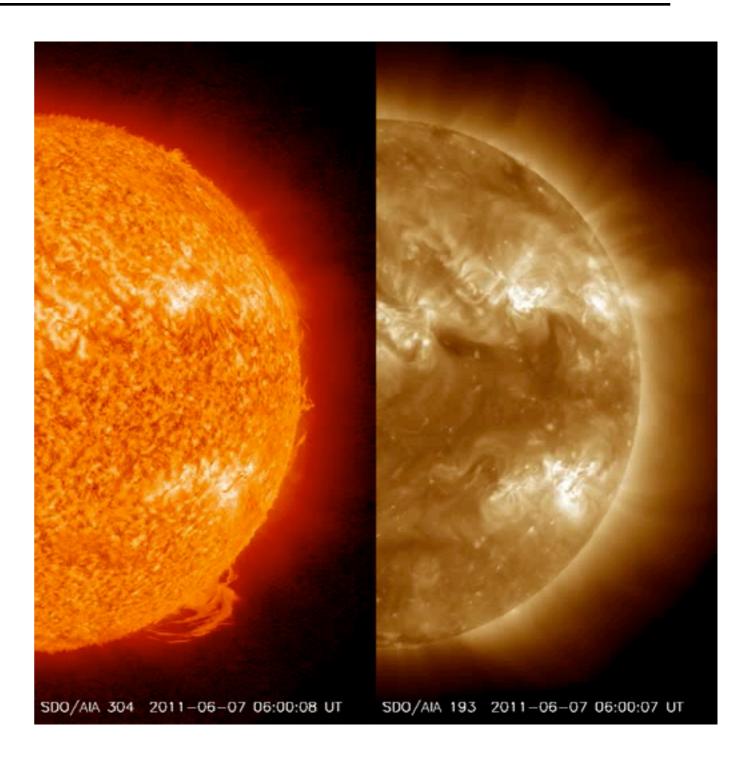


Skylab SP-402 The Active Sun: http://history.nasa.gov/SP-402/ch7.htm

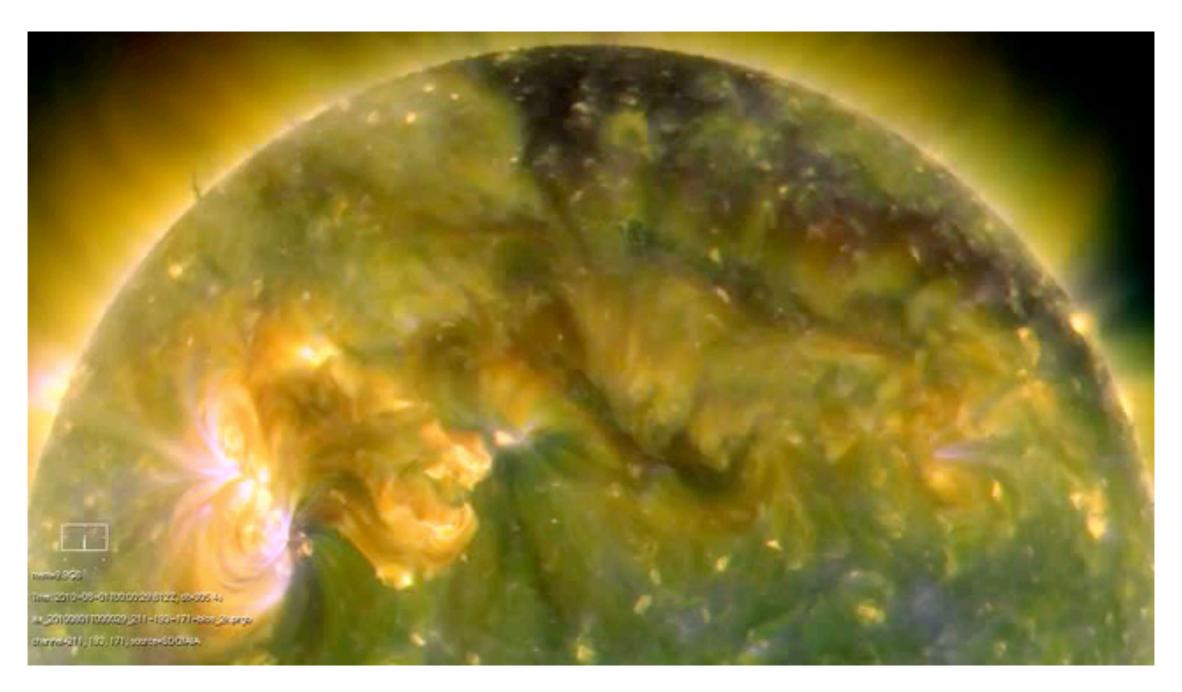


SDO / AIA + SOHO / LASCO

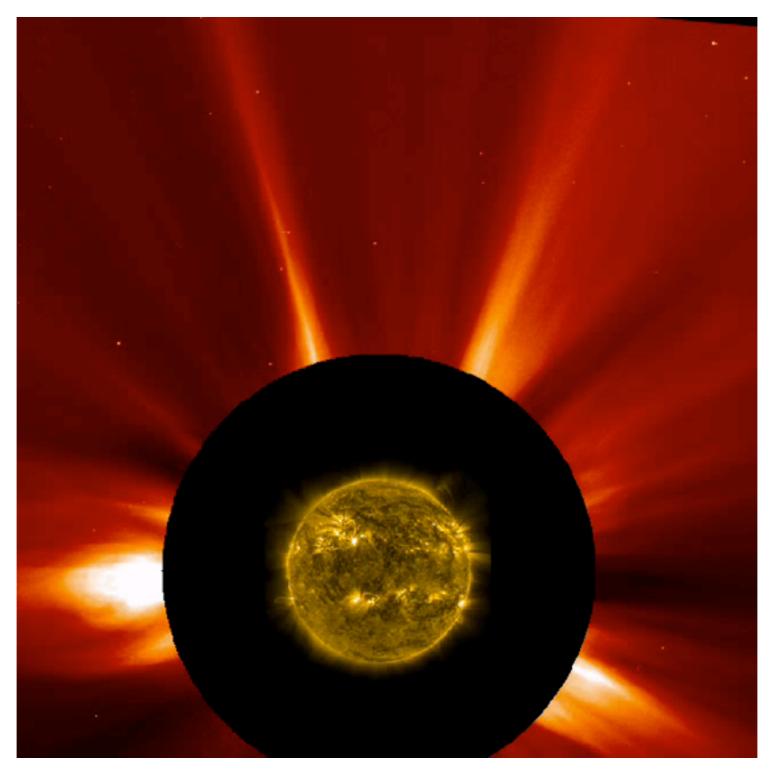




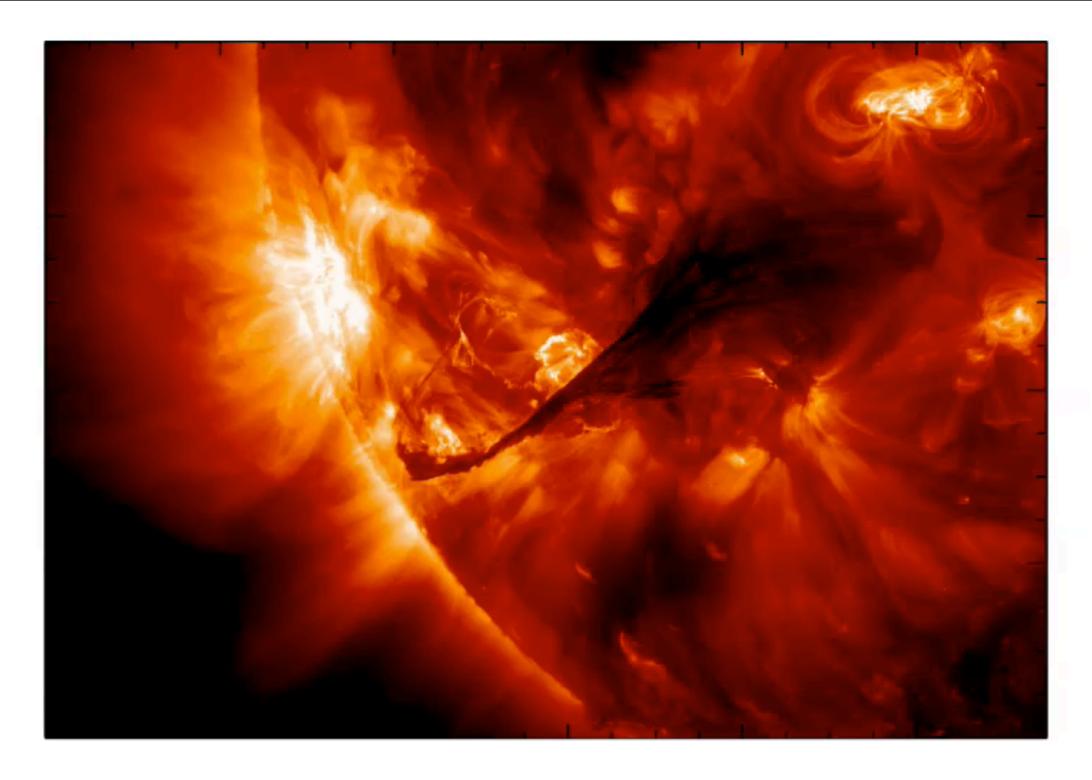
SDO / AIA



SDO / AIA

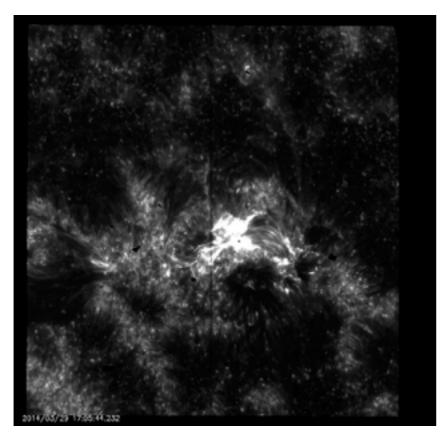


SDO / AIA + SOHO / LASCO

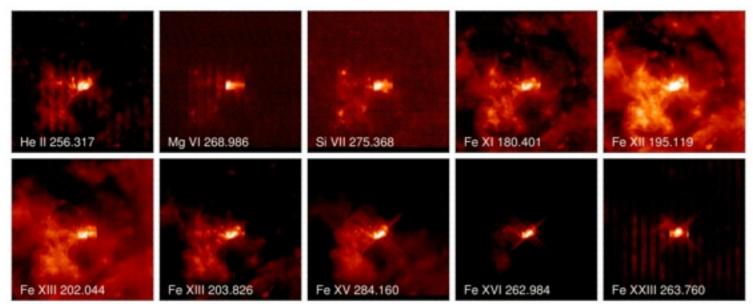


SDO / AIA + Hinode / EIS

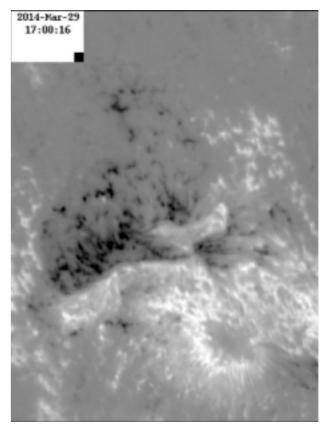
IRIS



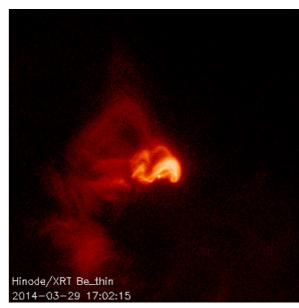
Hinode / EIS



Hinode / SOT [Magnetogram]

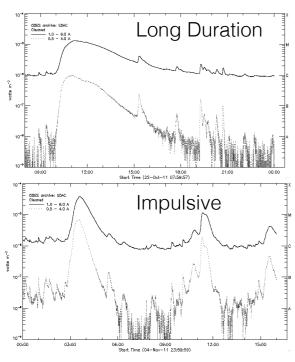


Hinode / XRT

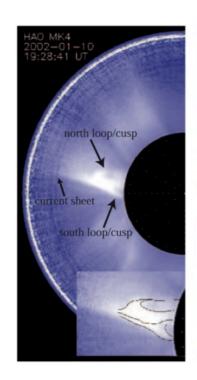


Focus on Long Duration Events

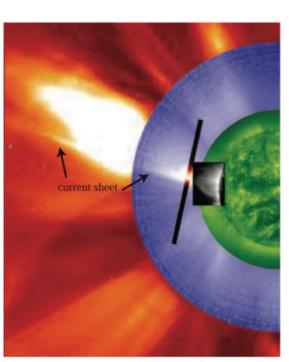
- Energy released for many hours
- Associated with Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs)
- Development of current sheets and supra-arcade fans



Example GOES lightcurves

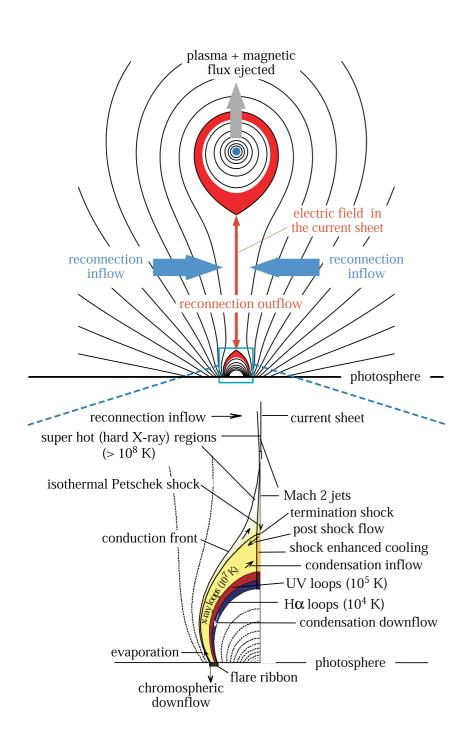


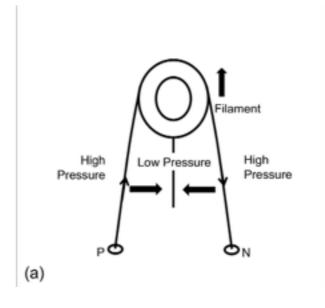
Ko et al. 2003

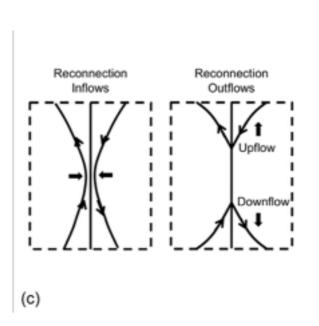


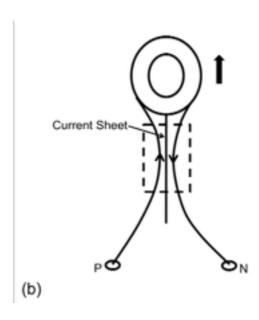
Savage & McKenzie 2011

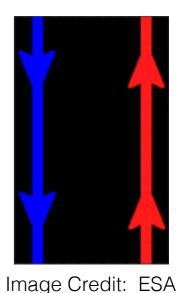
Standard **2-D** Flare Model

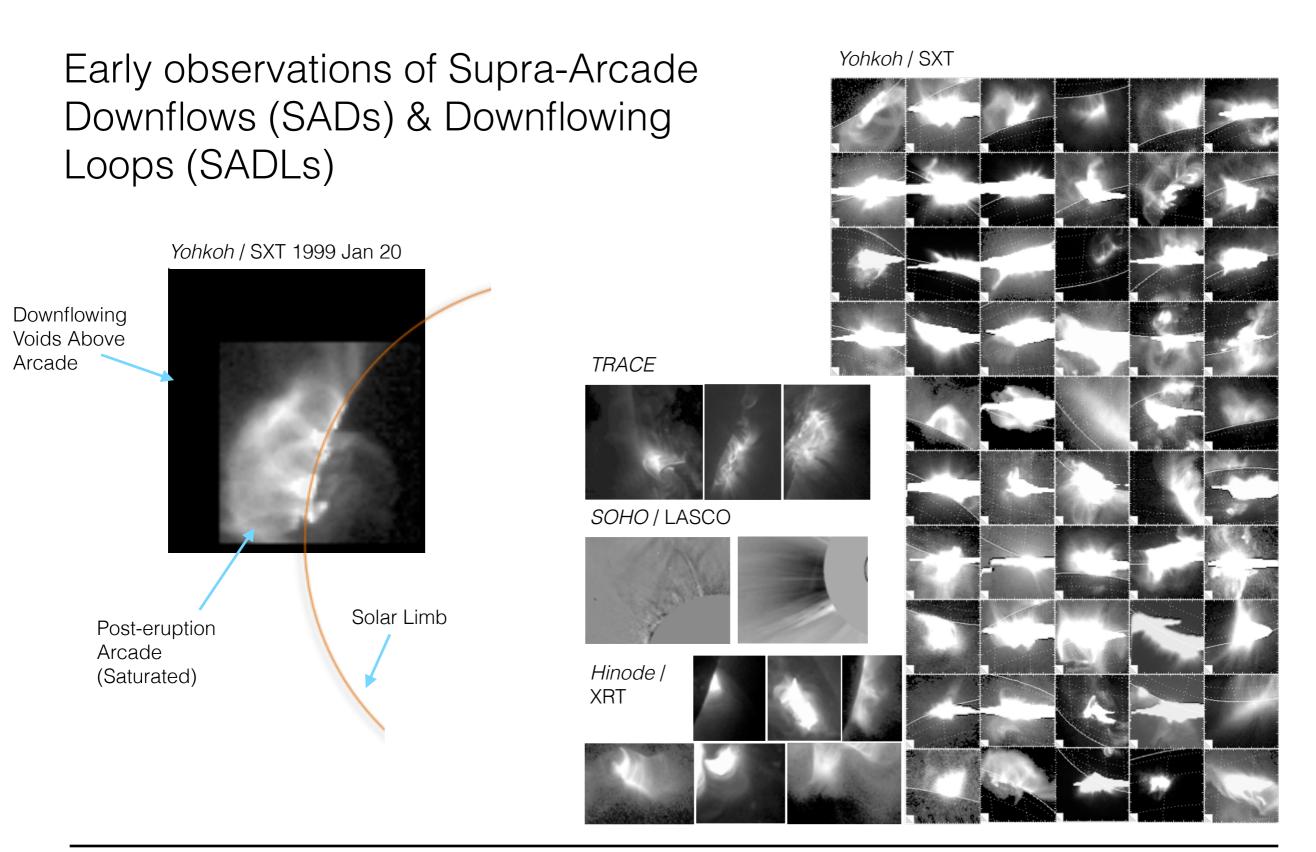




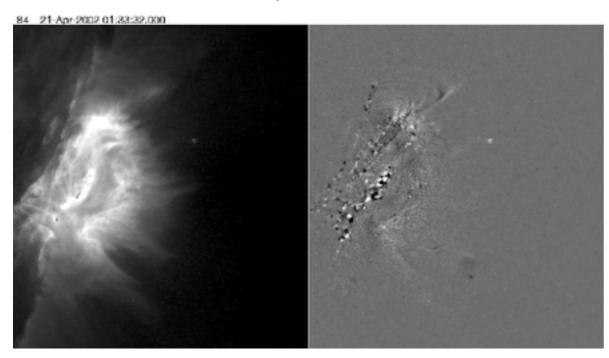


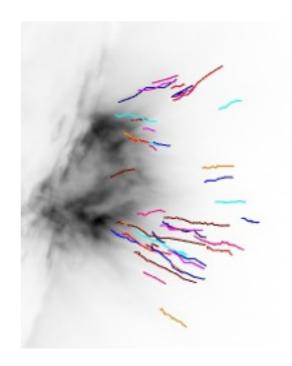




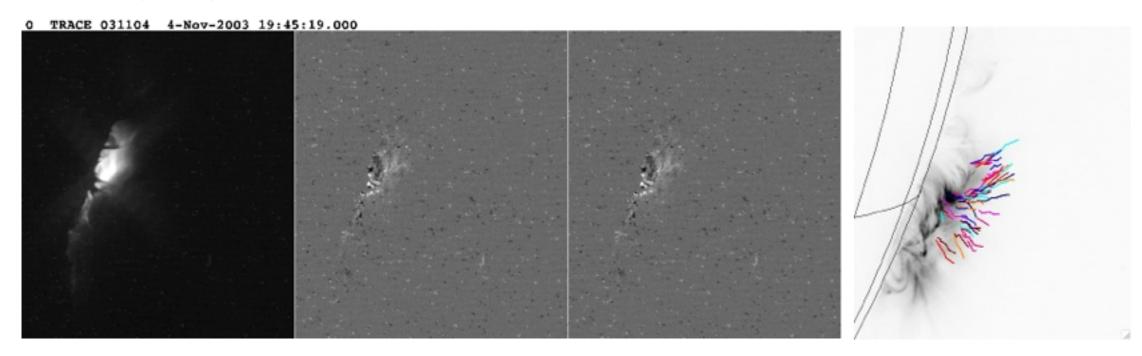


TRACE 193 A, X-flare, 2002 Apr 21

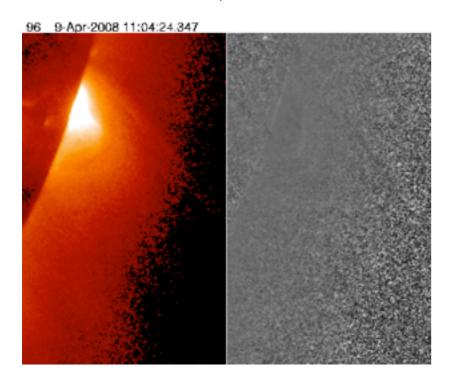


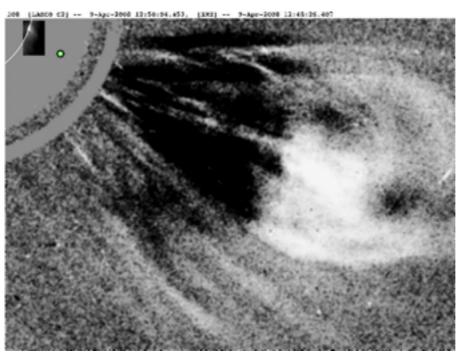


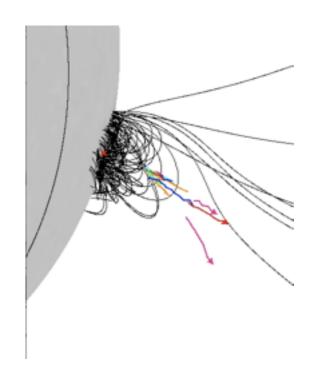
TRACE 193 A, X-flare, 2003 Nov 4



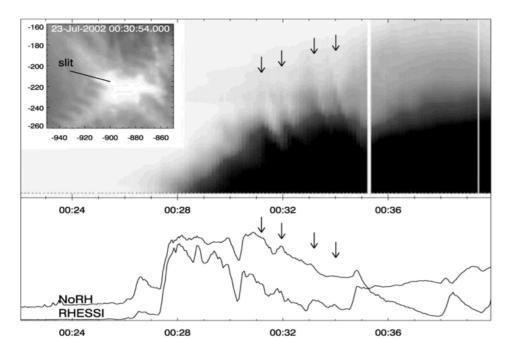
Hinode / XRT, 2008 Apr 9



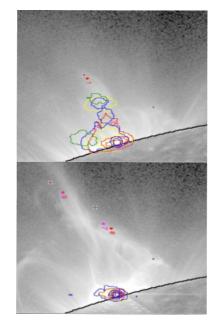


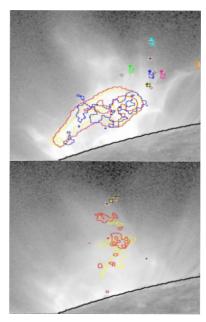


TRACE + RHESSI + NoRH radio (lightcurve), 2002 Jul 23



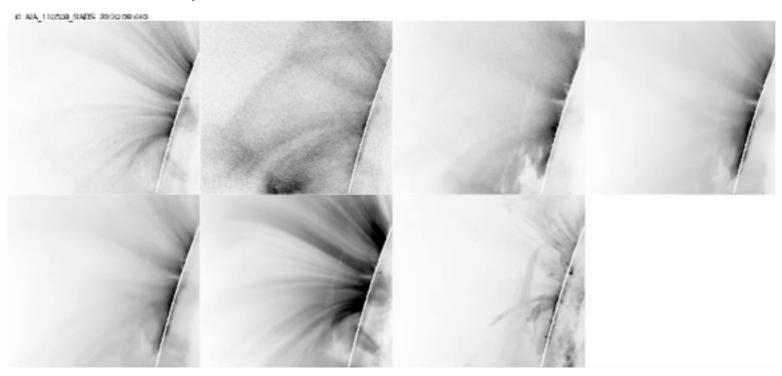
SDO / AIA + RHESSI (contours), 2010 Nov 3



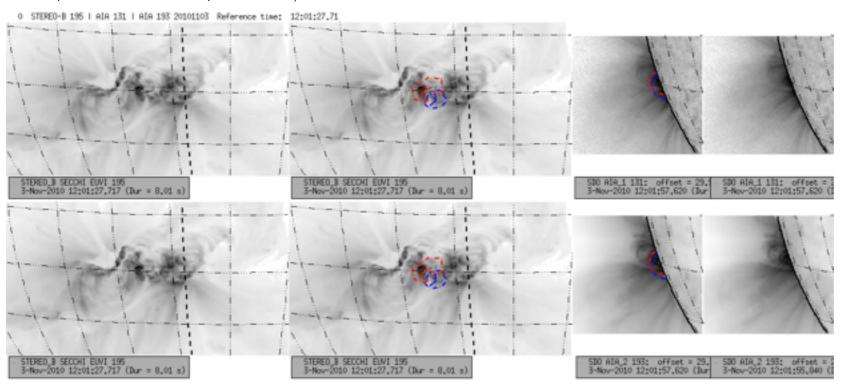


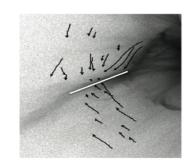
Savage et al. 2012; Savage et al. 2010; Asai et al. 2004; Yokoyama & Shibata 1999

SDO / AIA, 2011 May 9

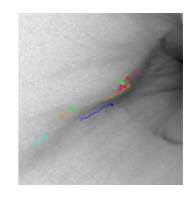


SDO / AIA + STEREO / SECCHI, 2010 Nov 3





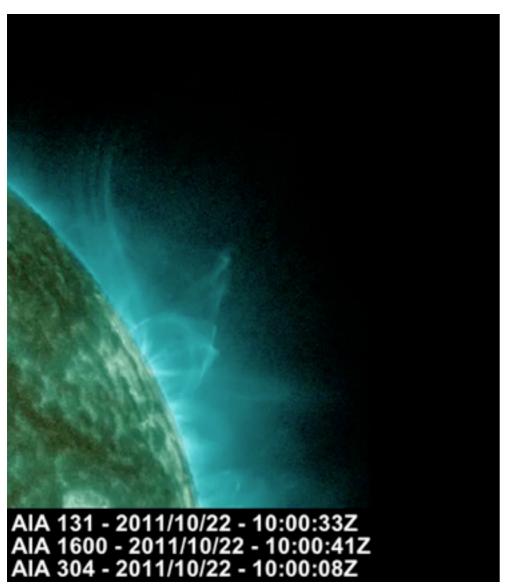
Inflows Composite



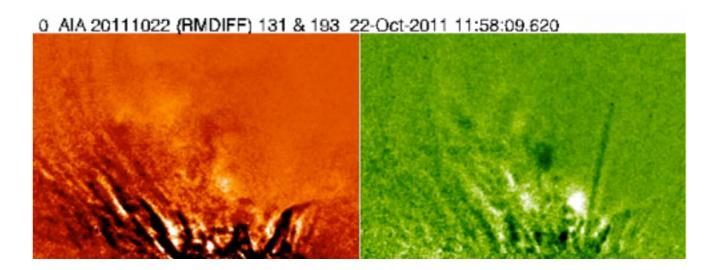
Outflows 131 A

Explanation for SADs & SADLs converging ...

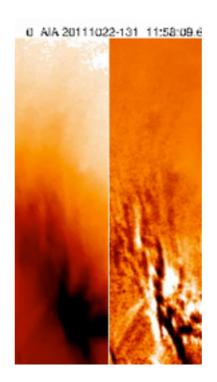
SDO / AIA, 2011 Oct 22

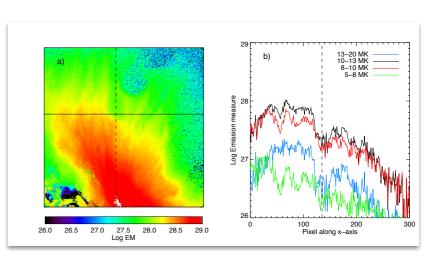


Movie Credit: D. E. McKenzie, Mont. State Univ



Bright thin loops retracting below voids.

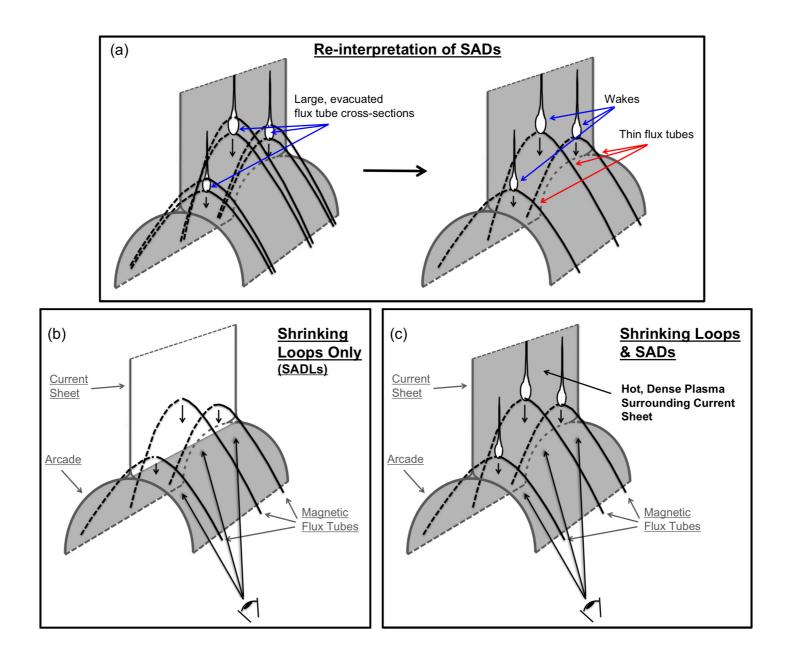




SADs cooler than fan (and much less dense)

Explanation for SADs & SADLs converging ...

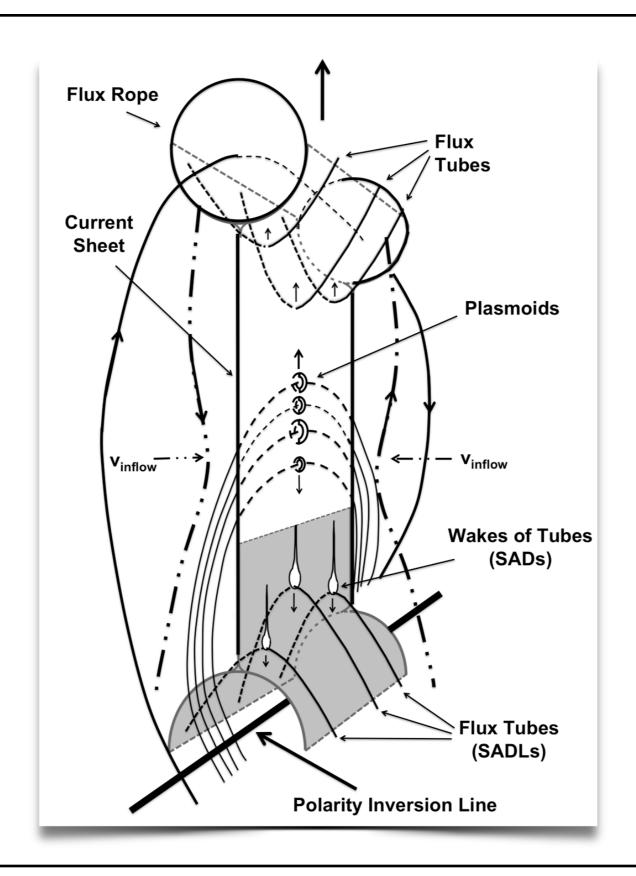
- —> Loops outflows of patchy, bursty magnetic reconnection?!
- —> Voids rarefaction regions behind retracting loops?





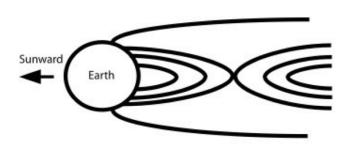
HAPPIs: High-Altitude Propagating Pressure Imbalances?

A Simplified **3-D** Solar Flare Model

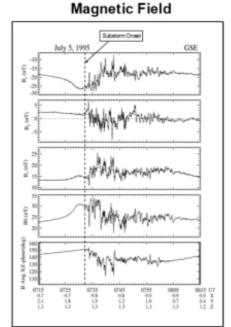


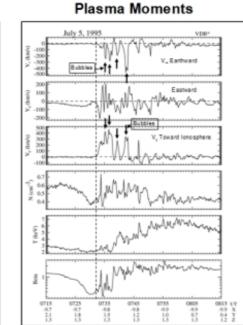
Observing Magnetic Reconnection

Solar flares comparable to Magnetotail substorms



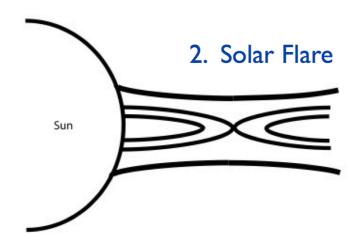
I. Magnetotail Substorm



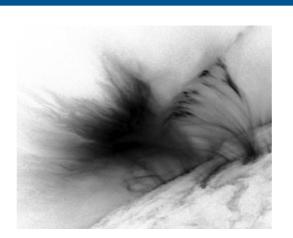


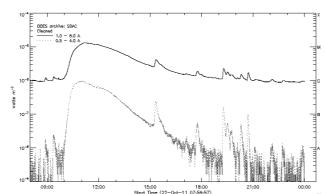
Magnetotail:

In Situ Measurements



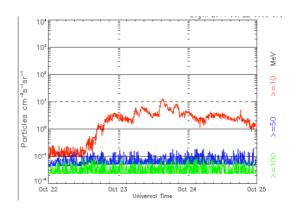
Note: Very different scales and plasma regimes.





Solar:

Global Context



SDO 2nd Year Highlights



Thanks!

